



A Comprehensive and Efficient Handoff Procedure for IPv6 Mobility Support

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Internet access

anywhere

anytime

via any technology

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mobility support

legacy applications

seamless session continuity

new services

router discovery

address configuration

multicast listener discovery

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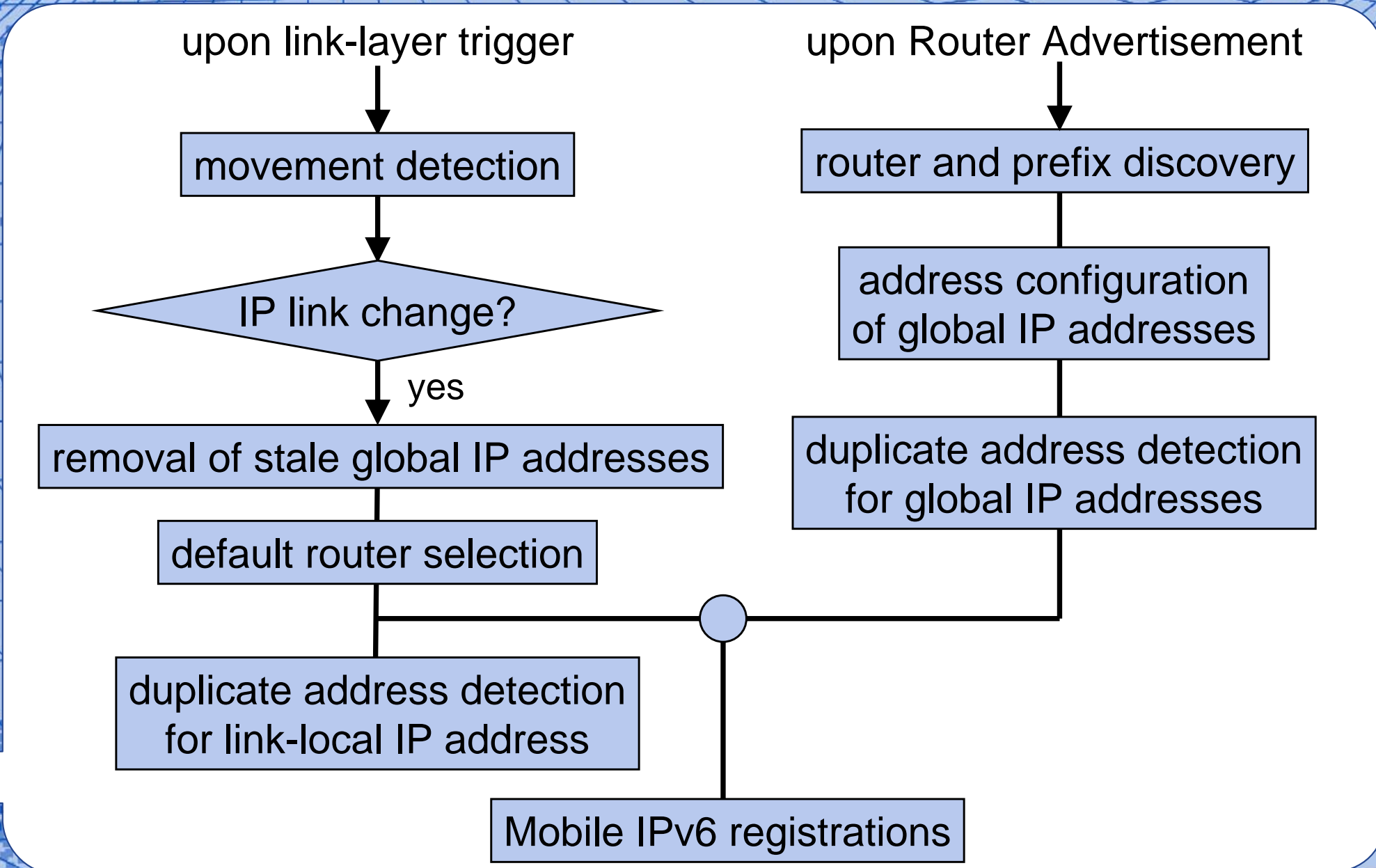
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duplicate address detection

neighbor discovery

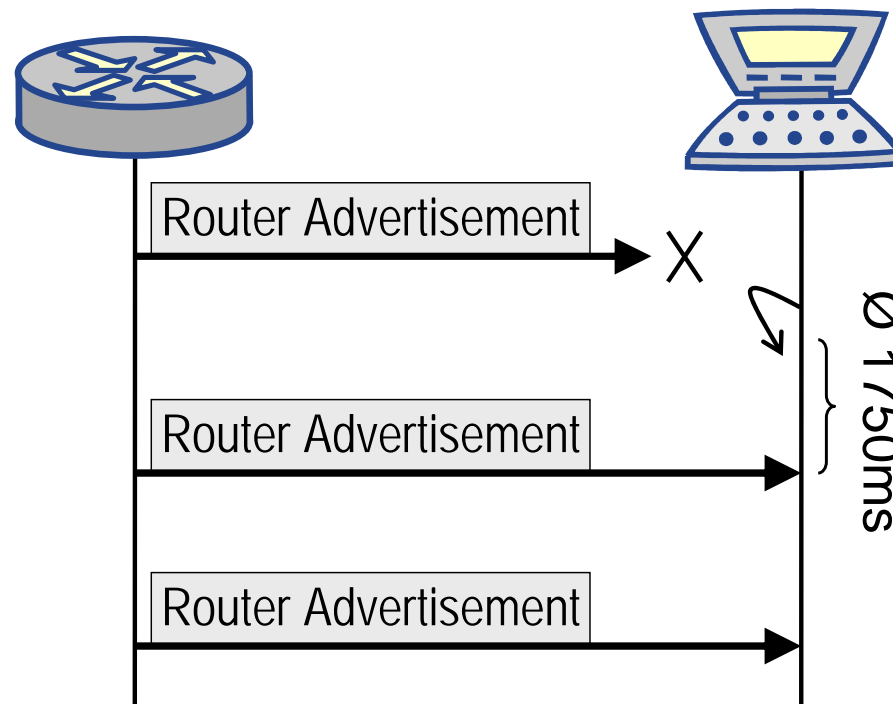
movement detection

Mobile IPv6

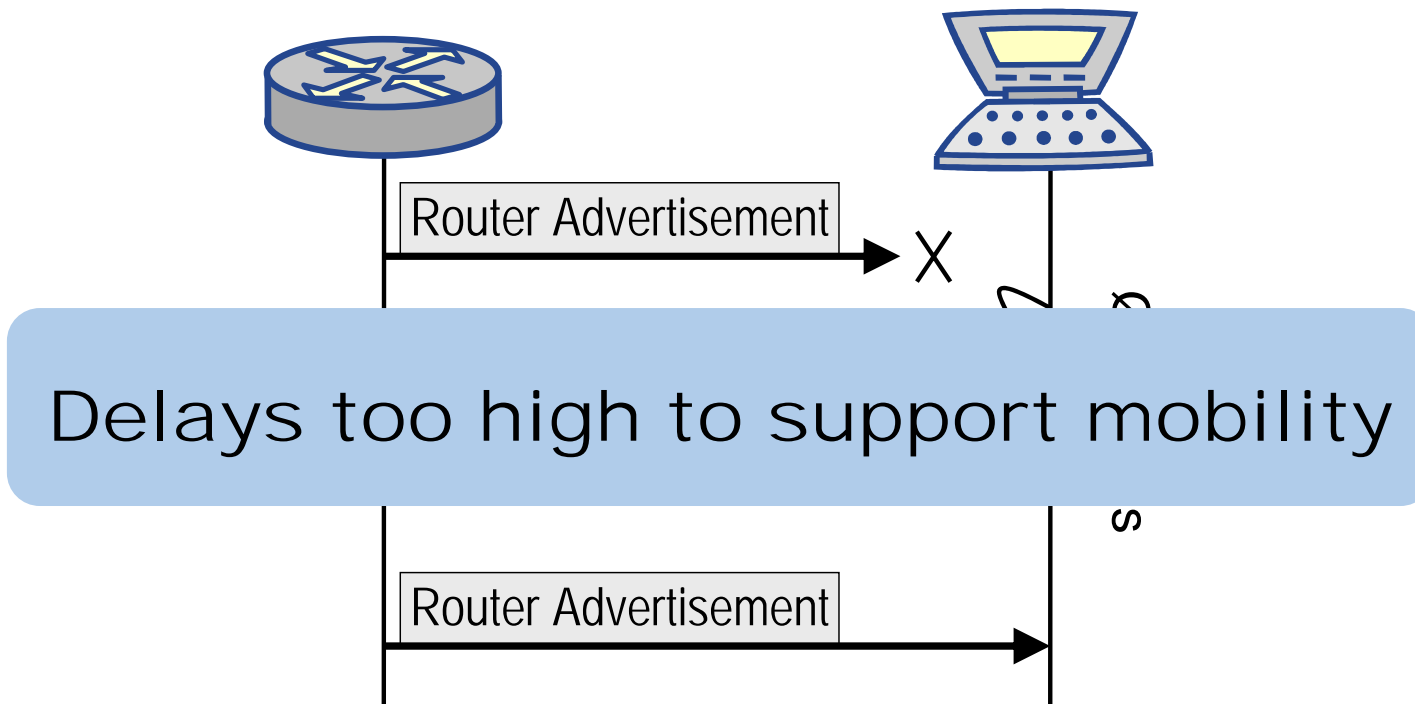


- To discover routers and on-link prefixes
- Routers advertise this information
 - Periodically in unsolicited Router Advertisements
 - In response to Router Solicitations

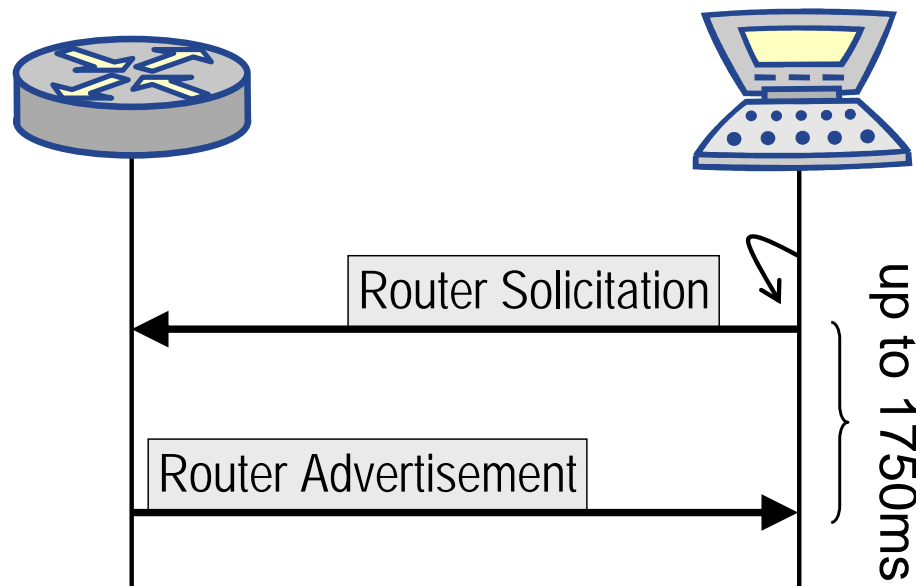
- Intervals for unsolicited Router Advertisements configurable; minimum is 3s~4s
 - Jitter desynchronizes multiple routers on same link
 - \emptyset 3.5s; receive first \emptyset 1750ms after handoff



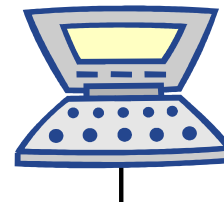
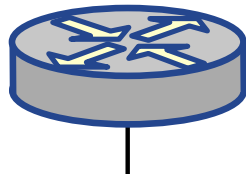
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- Send Router Solicitation upon handoff
 - Must be sent from unspecified IP address
 - Elicits multicast Router Advertisement
 - Rate limitations (only 1/3s) + 500ms desynchronization
 - Reception \emptyset 1750ms after handoff when mobility high

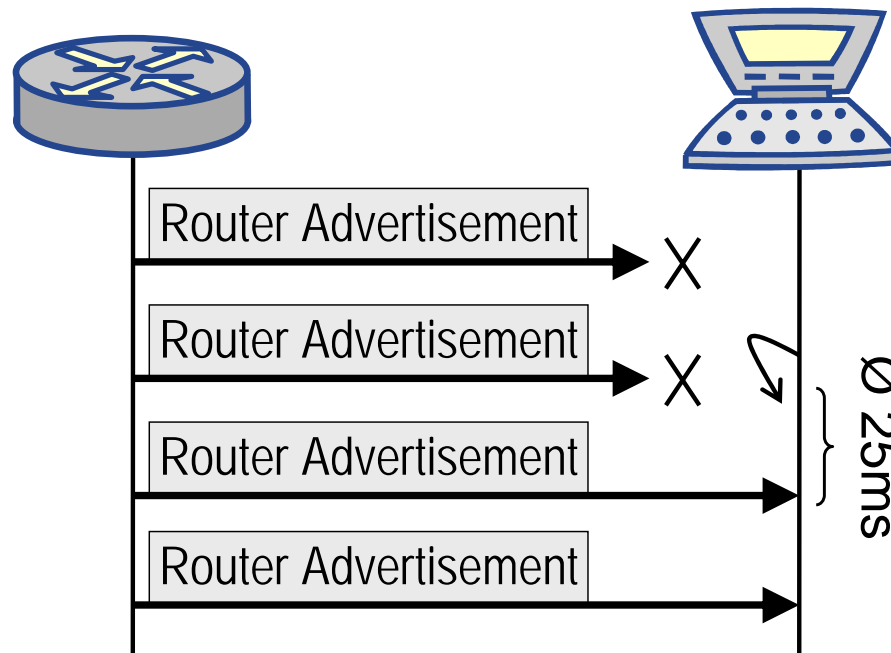


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Not really an advantage over
unsolicited Router Advertisements

- Router Advertisement intervals 30ms~70ms
 - Ø 50ms; reception Ø 25ms after handoff
 - No comparable improvement for solicited Router Advertisements



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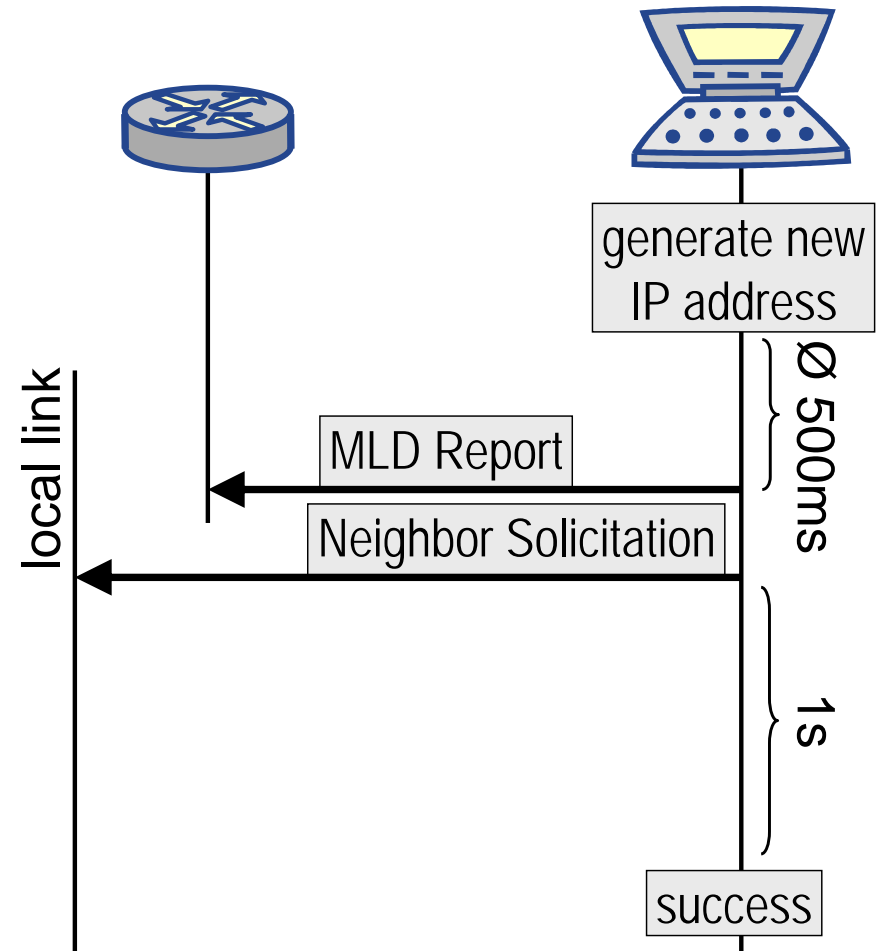


Better, yet still sub-optimal
in terms of delay and bandwidth consumption



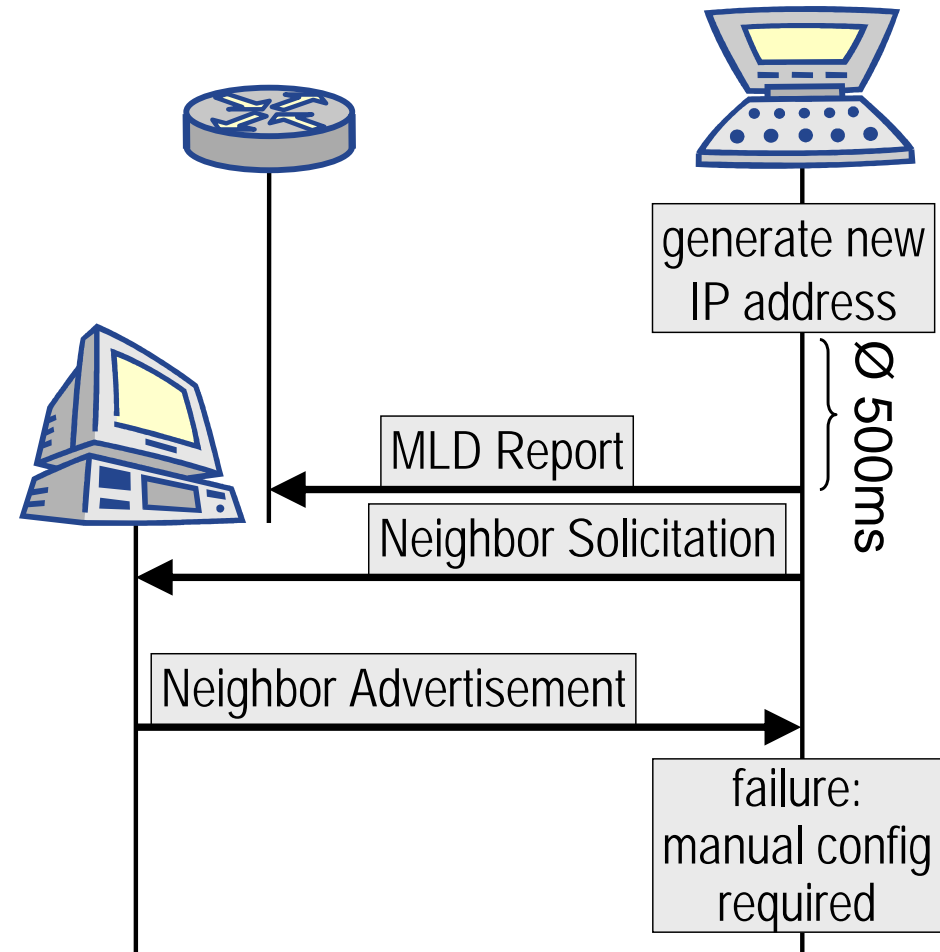
- To configure unicast IP addresses
 - Global address for each new prefix
 - Link-local address upon first network attachment
 - Uniqueness re-verification for link-local address upon change in IP connectivity
- Stateless and stateful variant

- Generate new IP address
 - Choose interface identifier based on MAC address
 - Prepend on-link prefix
- Send MLD Report for solicited-node multicast address
 - Up to 1s desynchronization between nodes responding to same Router Advertisement
- Duplicate Address Detection
 - Send Neighbor Solicitation
 - Listen for Neighbor Advertisement for 1s
 - Defending node would send Neighbor Advertisement



Successful configuration

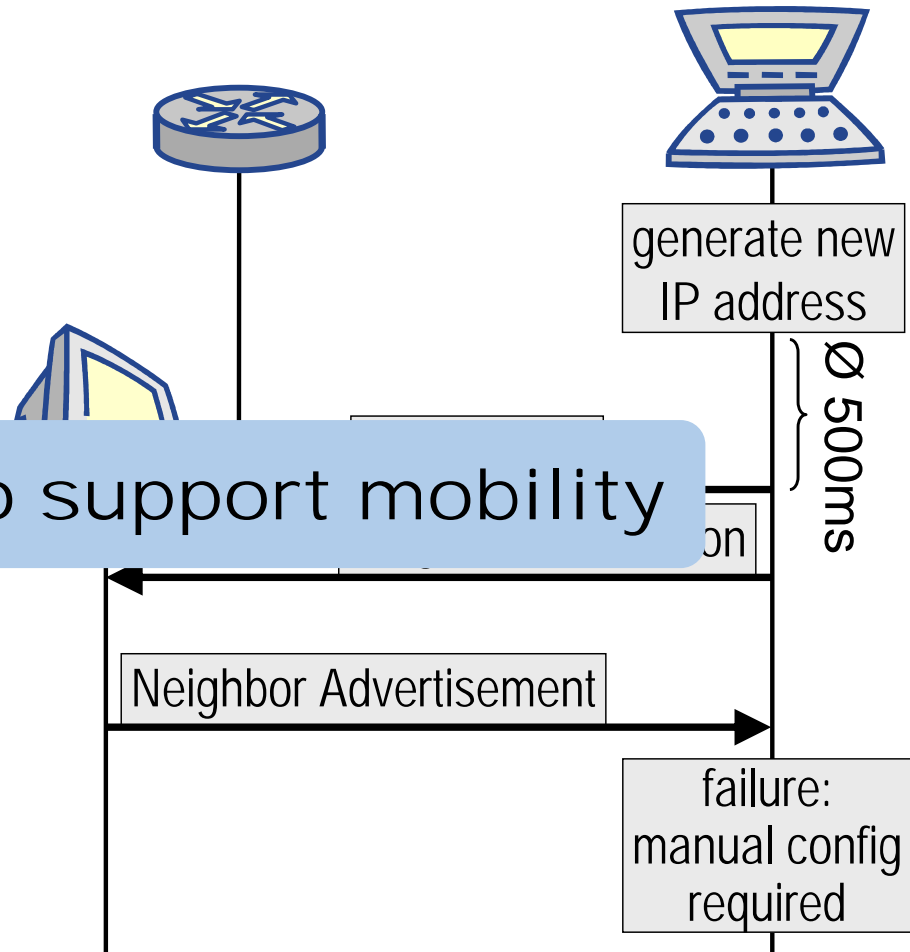
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Failed configuration

- Generate new IP address
 - Choose interface identifier based on MAC address
 - Prepend on-link prefix
- Send MLD Report for solicited-node multicast address
 - Up to 100ms delay between same Router Advertisement
- Duplicate Address Detection
 - Send Neighbor Solicitation
 - Listen for Neighbor Advertisement for 1s
 - Defending node would send Neighbor Advertisement

Delays too high to support mobility



Failed configuration

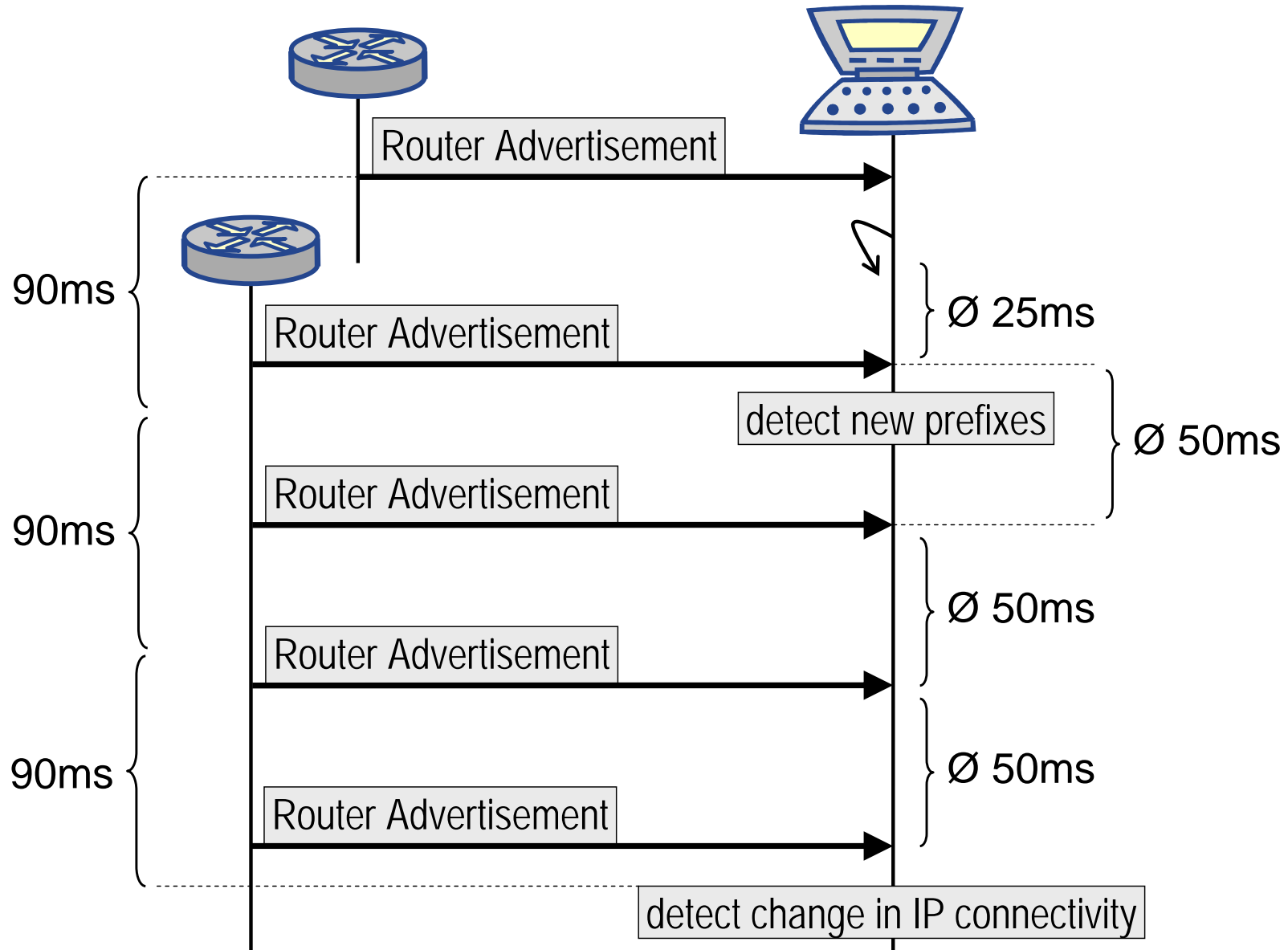
- DHCPv6 server assigns global address
- High latency
 - Duplicate Address Detection for link-local address first
 - Includes up to 1s desynchronization for MLD Report
 - DHCPv6 servers desynchronize responses for 1.0~1.1s
 - Duplicate Address Detection for global address

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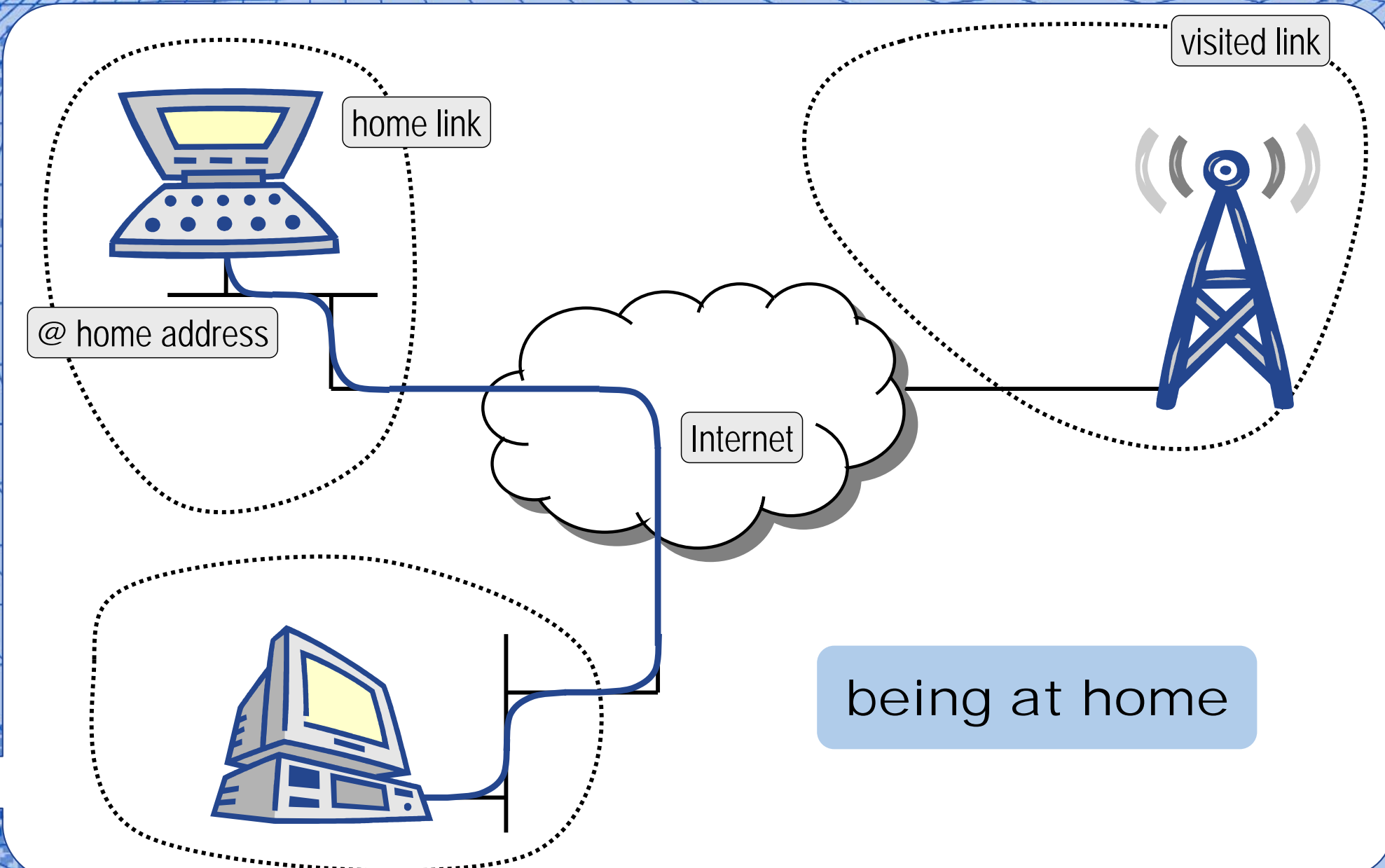
Delays even higher than in stateless address configuration

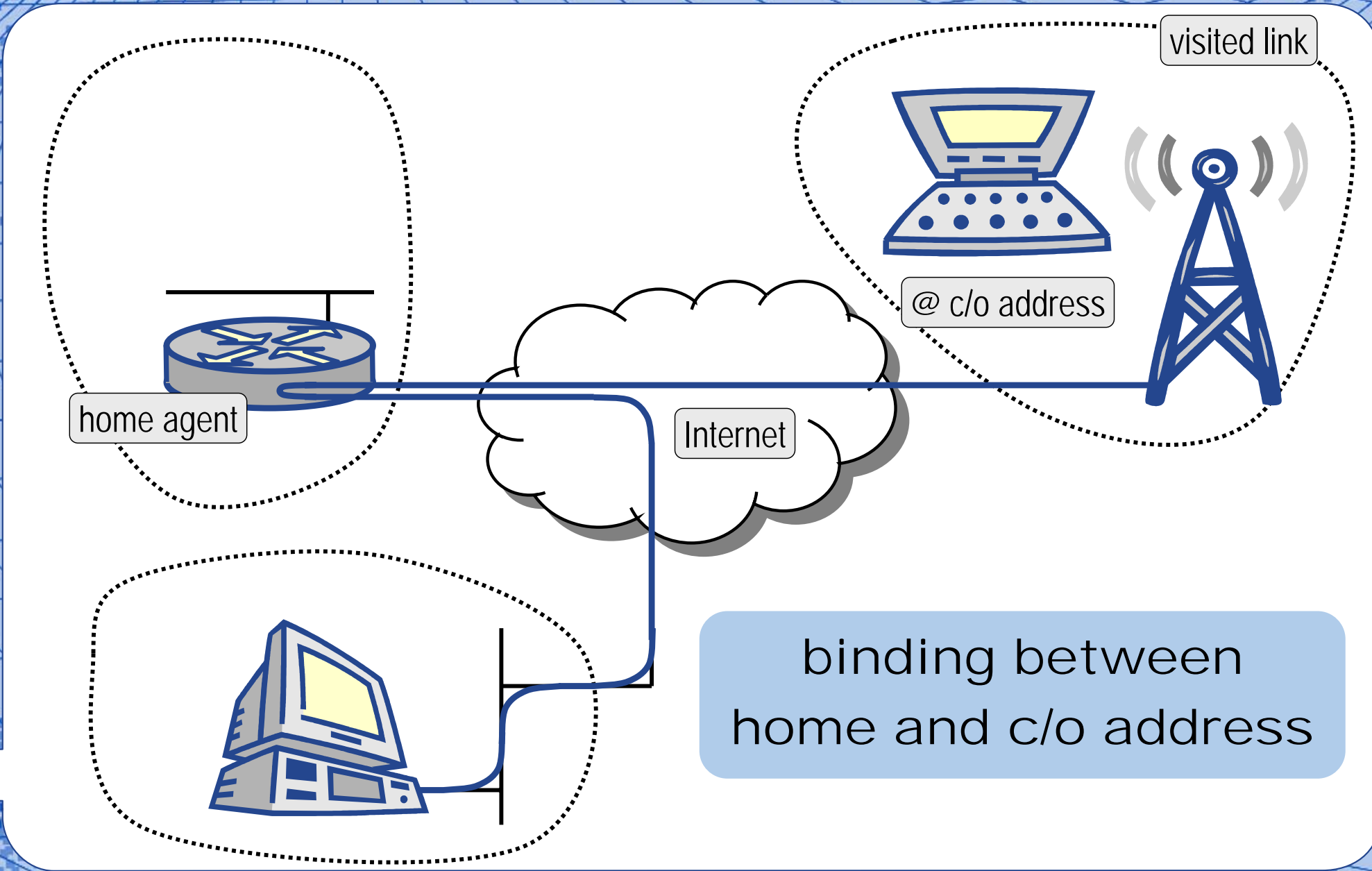
- To determine changes in IP connectivity
 - Link-layer trigger necessary, but not sufficient
 - Changes in IP connectivity \subset changes in link-layer attachment
- Change in IP connectivity requires...
 - Invalidation of stale global IP addresses
 - Default router change
 - Uniqueness re-verification of link-local IP address
 - Mobile IPv6 registrations
- Monitoring of on-link prefixes
 - Prefix sets of different links disjoint
 - Old prefixes no longer seen, but new instead \Rightarrow IP link change likely
 - Link-layer trigger, but same prefixes \Rightarrow no IP link change

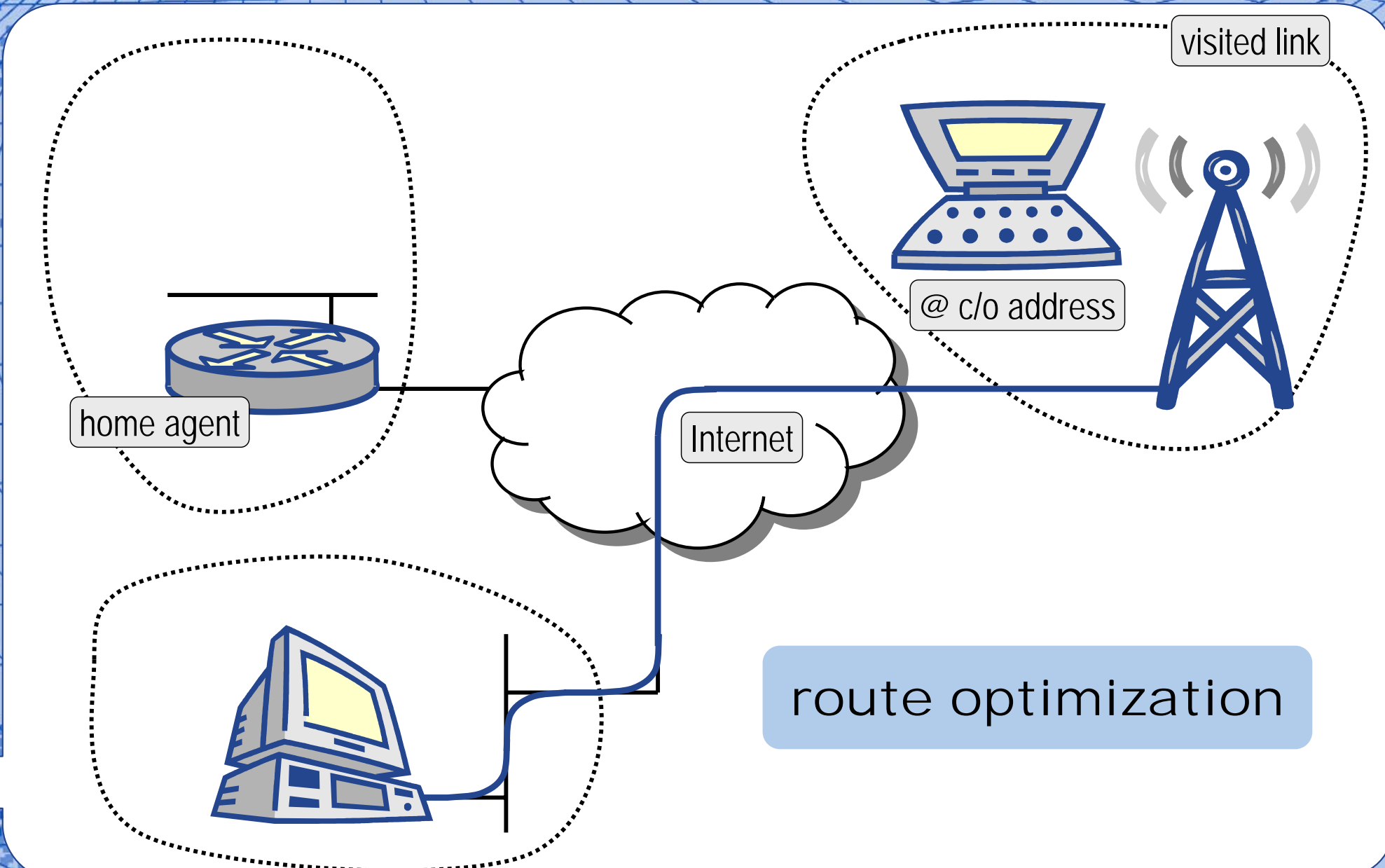
- Problems
 - Different routers may advertise different prefix sets
 - Router Advertisements from 1 on-link router insufficient
 - Router Advertisements may contain incomplete prefix sets
 - 1 Router Advertisement from each on-link router insufficient
 - Packet loss
 - 1 missing Router Advertisement insufficient
 - Interval between Router Advertisements unknown
- Partial solution: Advertisement Interval option for Router Advertisements (RFC 3775)
 - Indicates upper interval bound
 - Old default router unreachable when 3 Router Advertisement missed
 - 20ms increment if interval < 200ms
 - To account for scheduling granularities
 - Configured interval 30ms~70ms ⇒ advertised interval 90ms

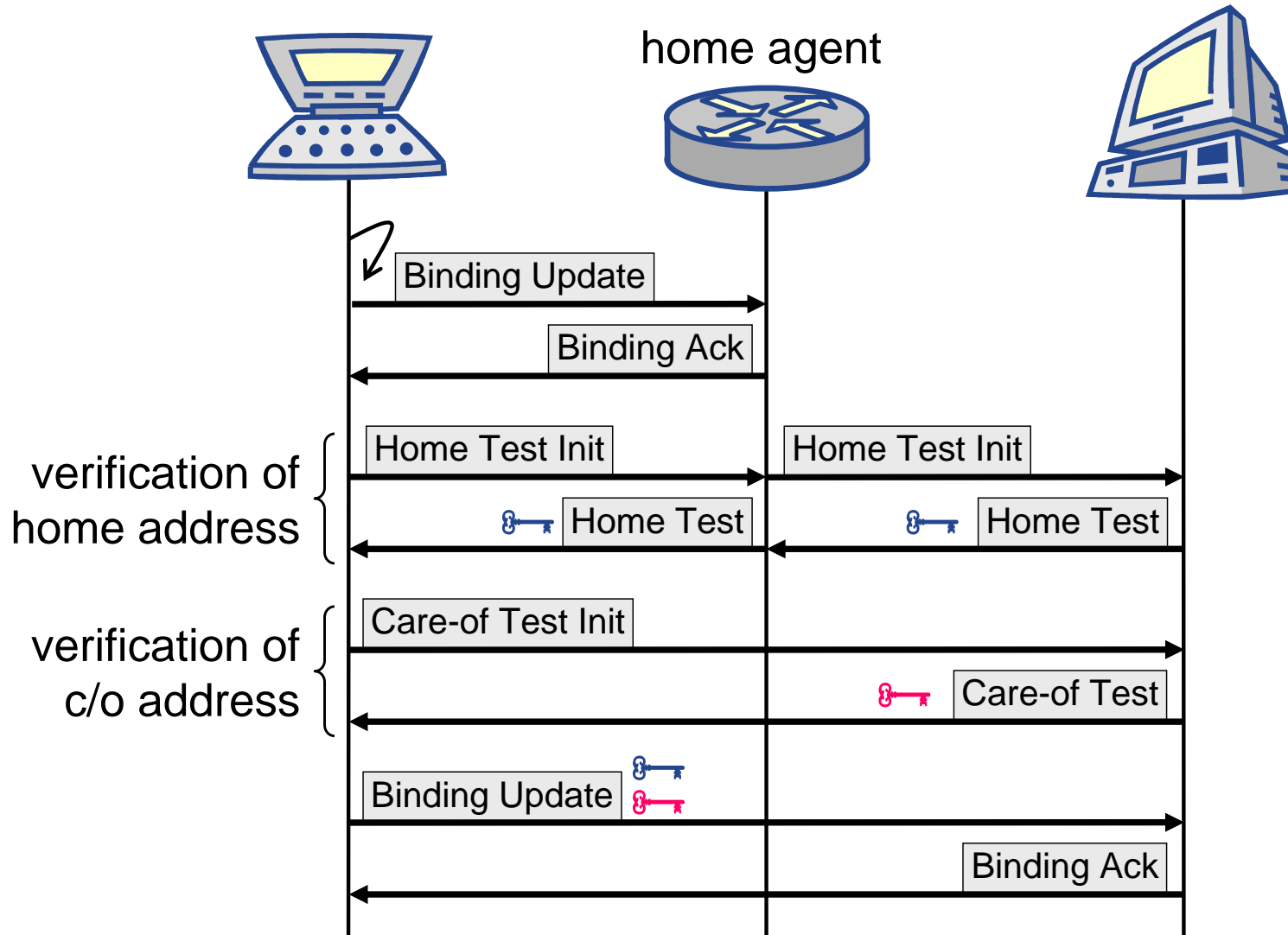


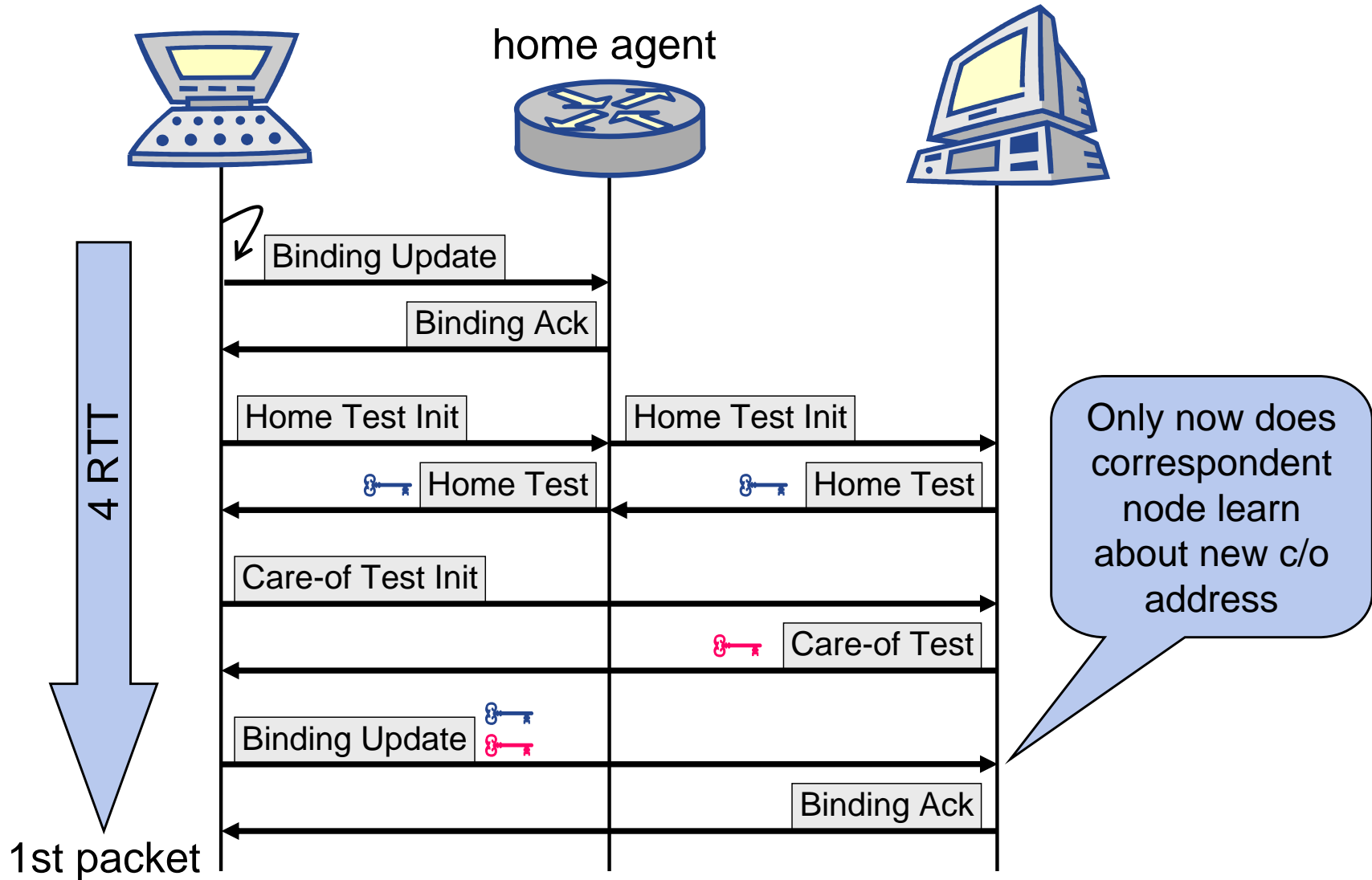
- To resume active communication sessions after IP address change
- To maintain reachability for inbound session requests



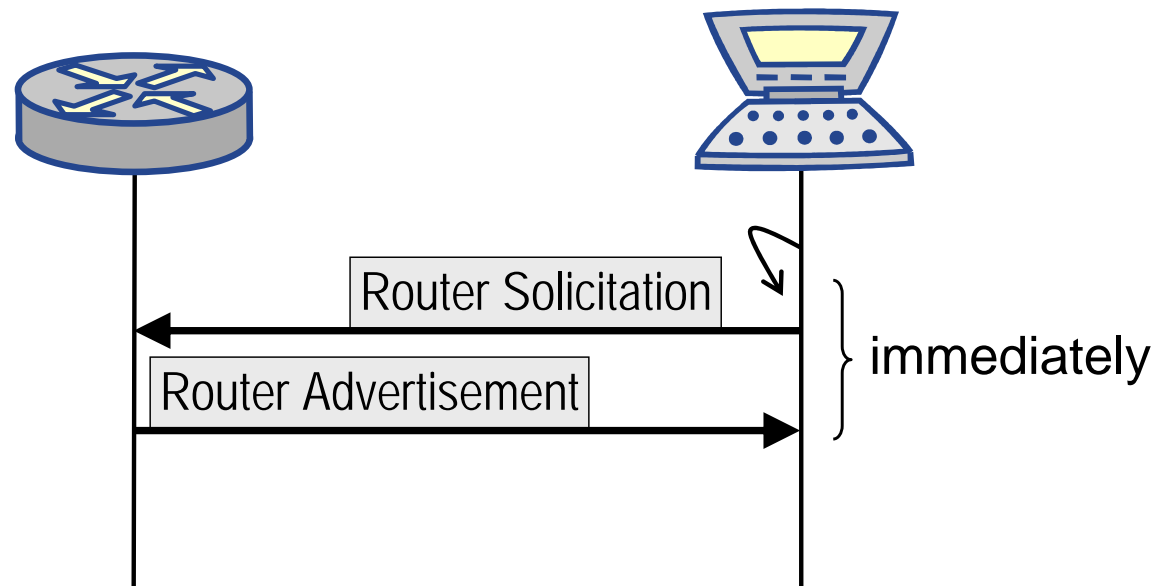




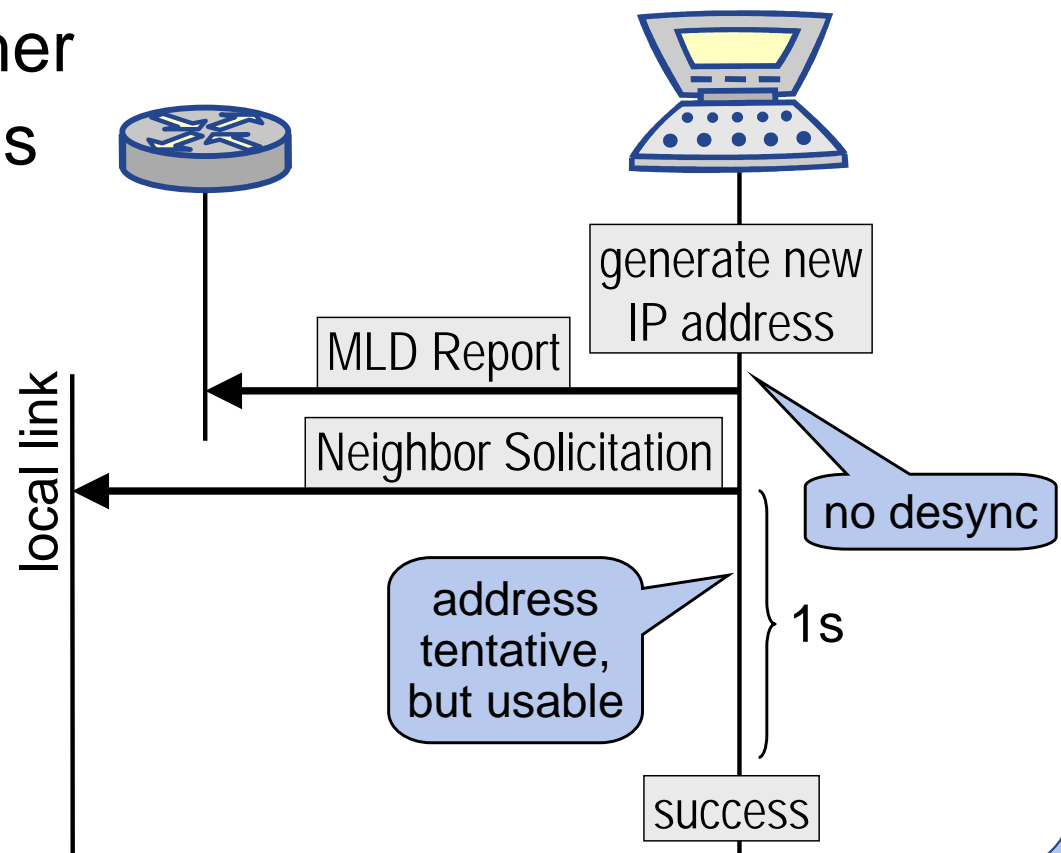




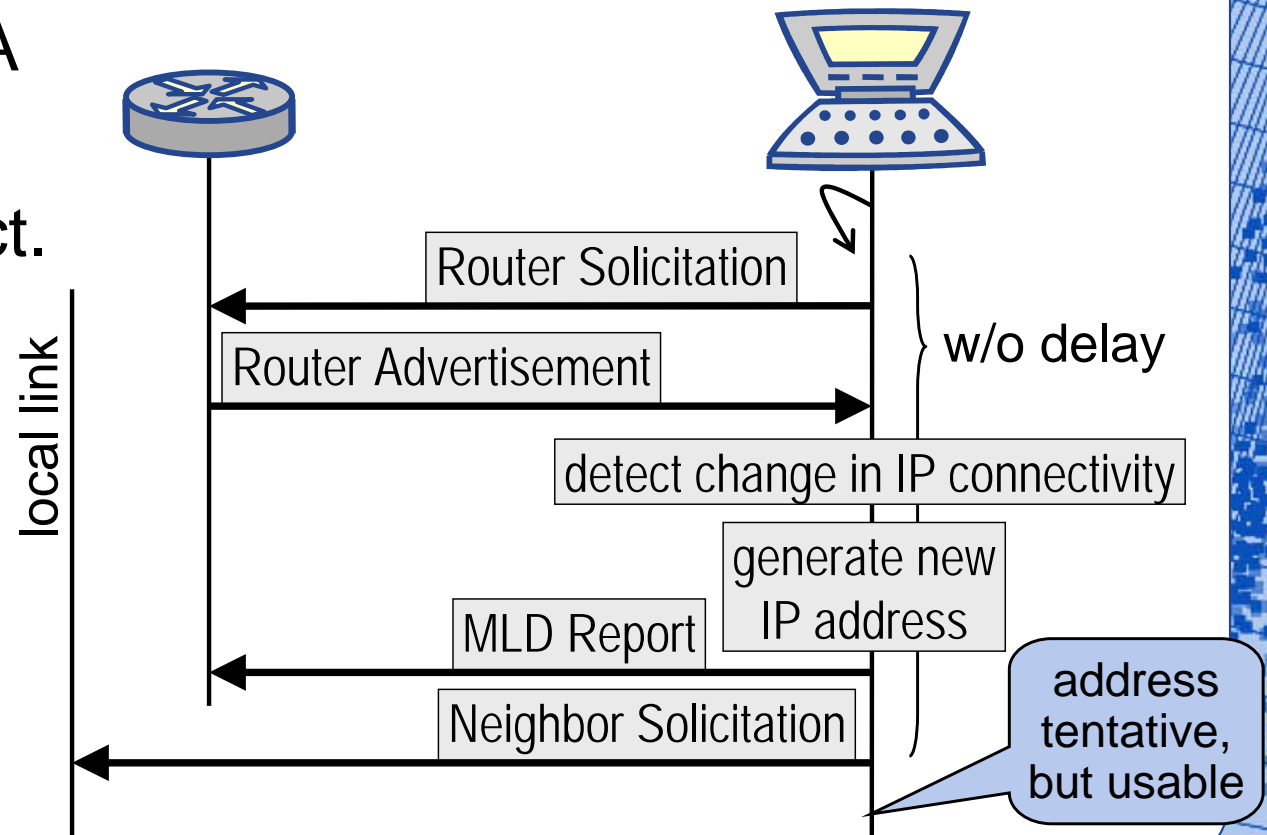
- FastRA improves router discovery
 - Node solicits immediate Router Advertisement
 - Distributed algorithm defines order in which to respond



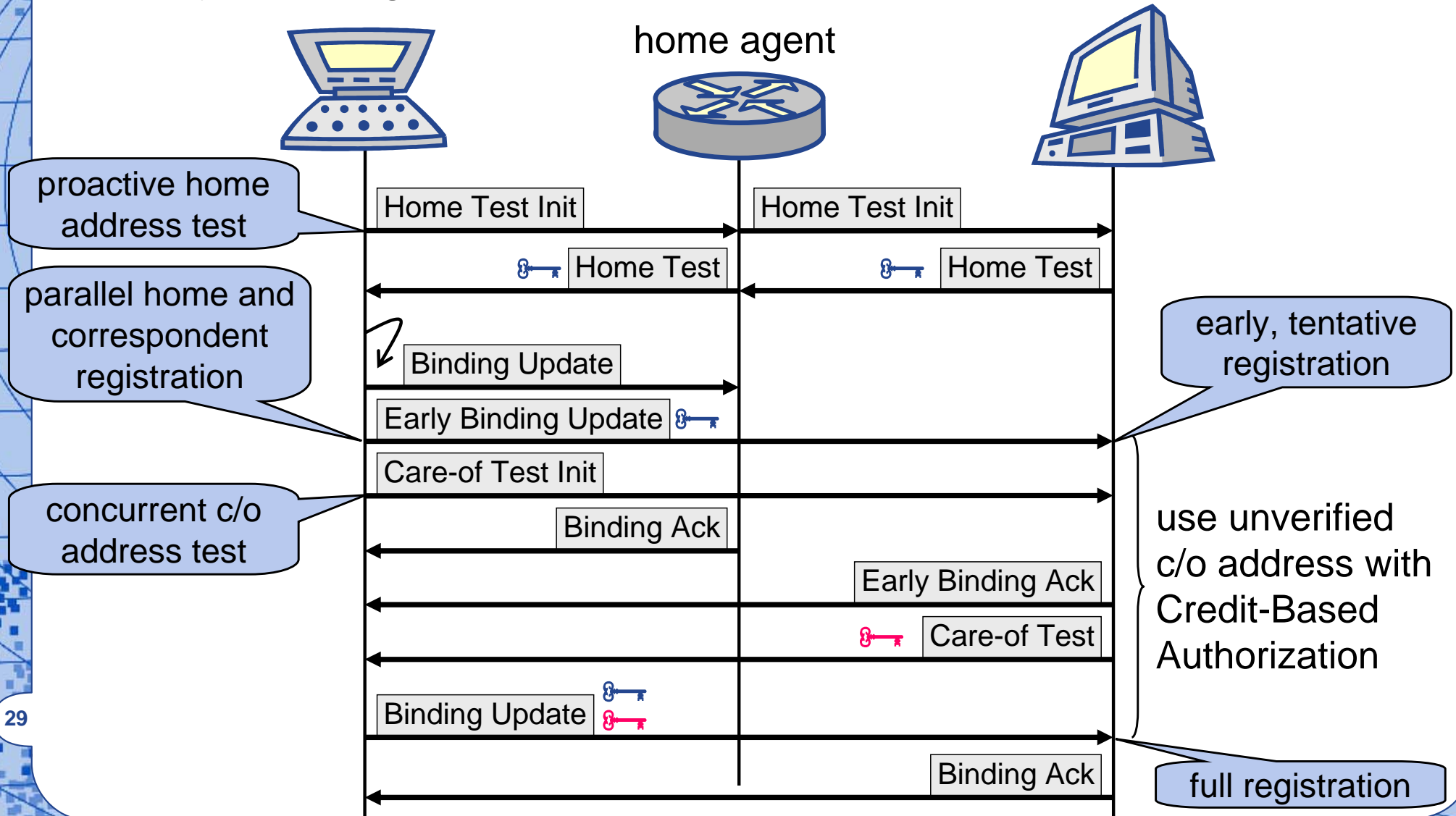
- Optimistic Duplicate Address Detection improves address configuration
 - Node may use new IP address during verification,...
 - but may not disrupt other nodes' neighbor caches



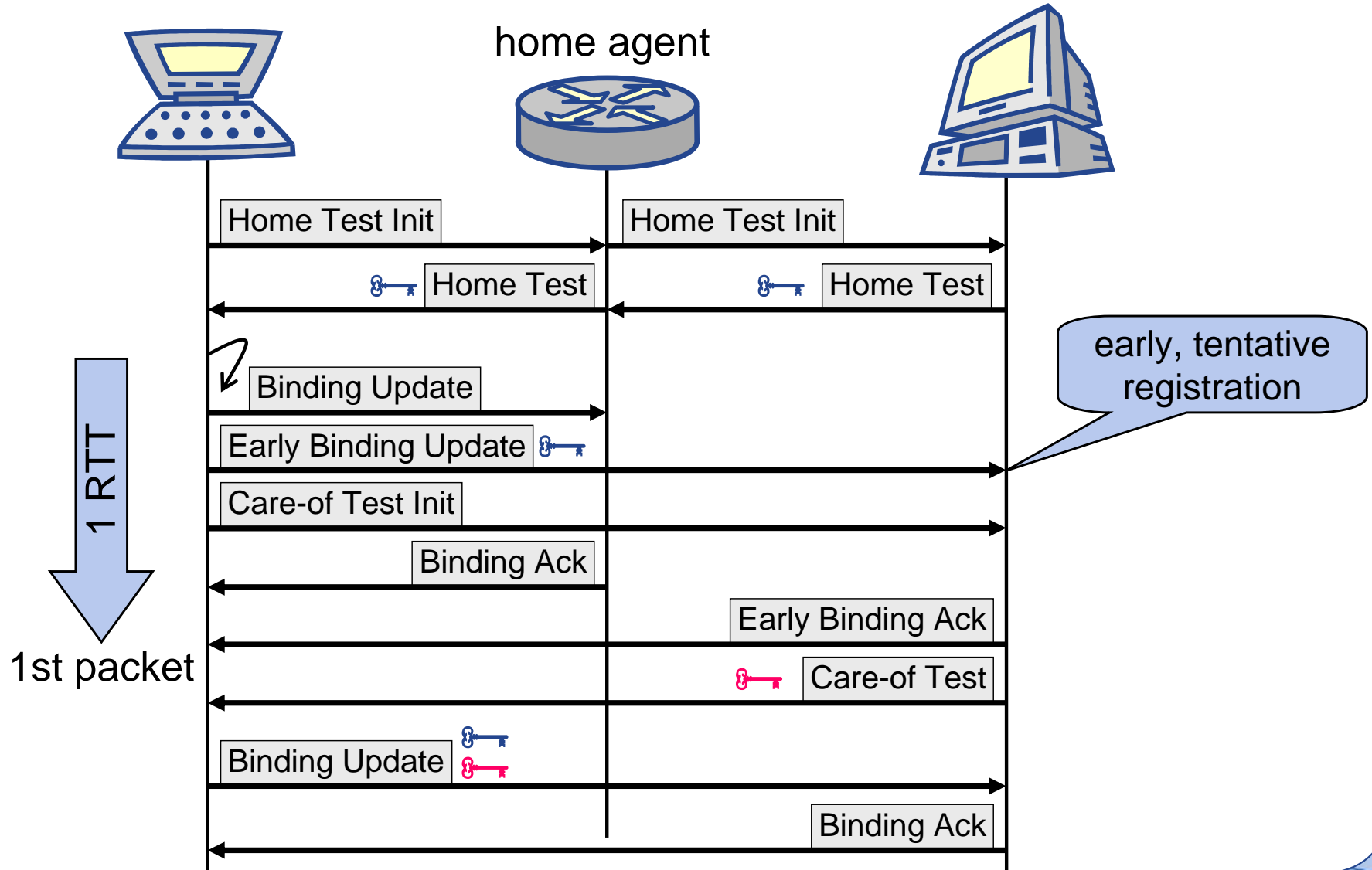
- DNA protocol improves movement detection
 - Link identifiers, landmarks ease movement detection
 - 1 Router Advertisement enough to detect link change
 - Integrates FastRA and Optimistic Dupl. Addr. Detect.



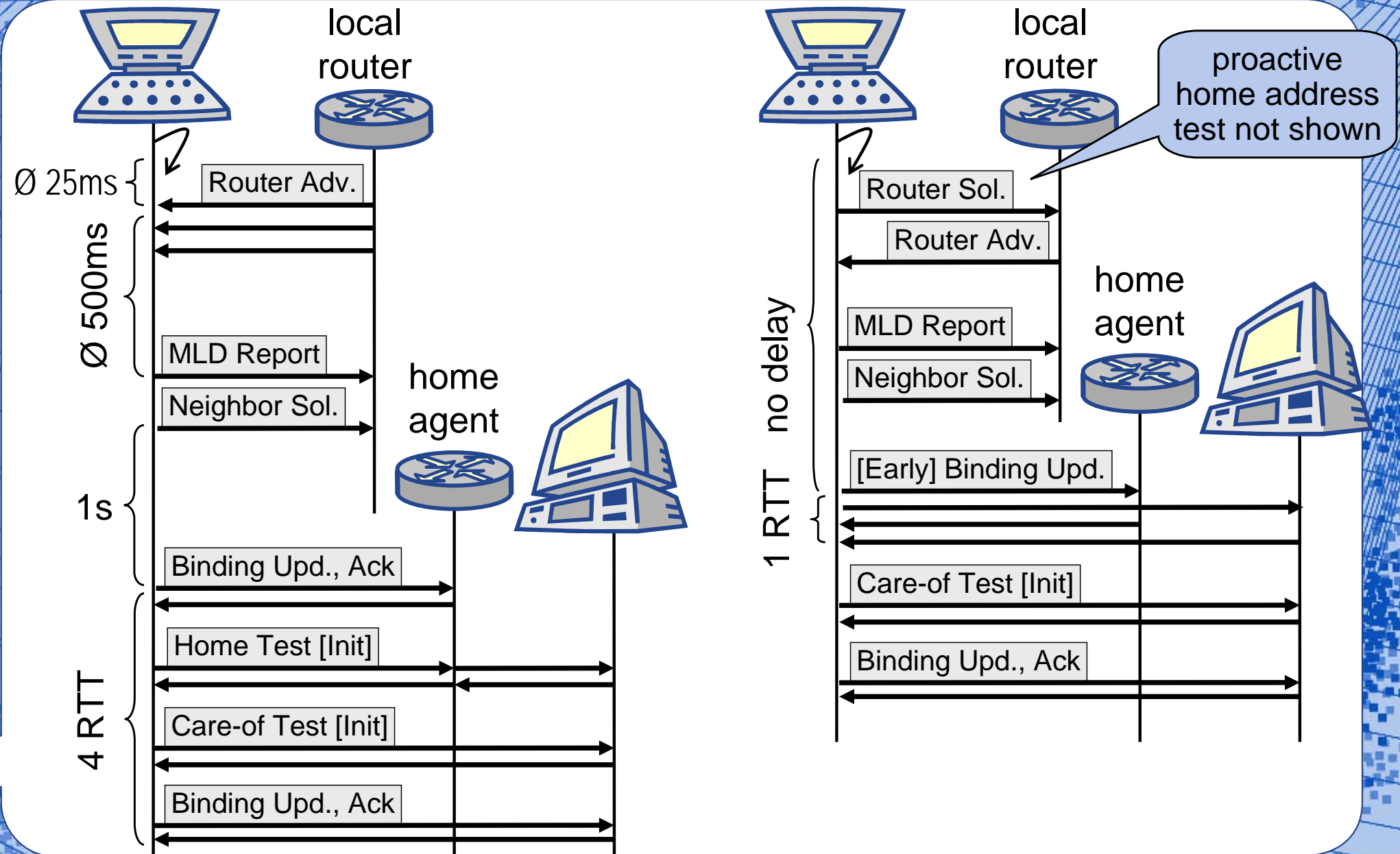
- Early Binding Updates, Credit-Based Authorization



- Early Binding Updates, Credit-Based Authorization



Comparison of Handoff Procedures



- Handoff delays for standard auto-configuration substantial
 - Delays due to conservative advertisement frequencies, desynchronization, and duplicate address detection
 - Optimizations have enormous impact
 - Eliminate desynchronization delays
 - Use tentative IP addresses during duplicate address detection
 - More informative Router Advertisements to ease movement detection
 - Apply proactivity, concurrency, and parallelism in Mobile IPv6
- Mobility protocol optimizations only useful in conjunction with auto-configuration optimizations

- Future work on proactive handoff management